

Key employment law changes in April 2021 and beyond

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Employment Team Morton Fraser LLP

Extended CJRS



- Further extension until 30 September 2021
- UK Government contributing 80% of wages (subject to £2,500 cap) for unworked hours until 30 June 2021
- Employers remain responsible for employer NICs and employer pension contributions
- Employers to contribute 10% to unworked wages in July and 20% in August/September
- Since 1 December 2020 grant cannot be used to cover notice pay
- Notice and redundancy pay continue to be calculated on basis of pre-furlough pay until CJRS closes

"No jab no job"



- Some employers reportedly mandating vaccination for new starts and in some cases existing workers
- Possibility of unfair dismissal claims from existing staff
- Possibility of discrimination claims from existing staff and new starts including:-
 - Disability discrimination
 - Sex discrimination
 - Religion and belief
 - Ethical veganism/vegetarianism (not an issue for current approved vaccines)

April changes



Tribunal compensation

- Cap on week's pay £544
- Maximum basic award £16,320
- Cap on compensatory award £89,493

Statutory Benefits

- SMP, SMA, ShPP, SAP, SPP £151.97 per week
- SSP £96.35 per week

April changes



- Guidelines for injury to feelings awards will be amended
- Current levels are as follows:-
 - Lower band (less serious cases) £900 £9,000
 - Middle band £9,000 £27,000
 - Upper band (most serious cases) £27,000 £45,000
 - Awards over £45,000 will only be made in exceptional cases

April changes



- National Living Wage and National Minimum Wage
- Entitlement to NLW lowered from 25 to 23 years of age

 NLW 23 y 	ears and over -	£8.91 per hour
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- NMW 21 22 years rate £8.36 per hour
- NMW 18 20 years rate £6.56 per hour
- NMW 16 17 years rate £4.62 per hour
- NMW apprentice rate £4.30 per hour

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Gender Pay Gap Reporting

- Enforcement for the 20/21 year suspended due to the coronavirus outbreak until 5 October 2021
- Employers still encouraged to report by usual deadline of 30 March/4 April
- Although also suspended last year, 50% of affected employers did report showing an increase in the pay gap of nearly 1%
- Calculations for both this year and the 21/22 year will be impacted by furlough

Other changes



- Changes to off-payroll working rules (IR35) being extended to private sector with effect from 6 April 2021
- Changes being made to calculation of Post Employment Notice Pay and tax treatment of payments for those not resident in the UK

Employment Bill



- Announced as part of the Queen's Speech in December 2019 and proposed:-
 - Establishing a single labour market enforcement body
 - Ensuring tips and service charges go to workers in full
 - Enhancing redundancy protections to prevent pregnancy and maternity discrimination
 - Introducing a right to request more predictable contracts
 - Introducing neonatal leave and pay
 - Introducing a right to unpaid time off for carers
 - Making flexible working the default position unless employers have a good reason not to (subject to consultation)

Other future changes



- Ethnicity pay gap reporting
- Restriction on use of gagging clauses
- Possible reform of post termination noncompete clauses in employment contracts
- Possible extension of the ban on exclusivity clauses in employment contracts
- Tribunal fees?



Uber BV and others v Aslam and others

- Supreme Court upheld tribunal judgment that Uber drivers are workers
- In assessing worker status, approach should be "statutory interpretation, not contractual interpretation"
- Starting point should be on whether individuals fall within statutory definition, not written documentation
- In this case drivers' services were "very tightly defined and controlled by Uber"
- Control over remuneration was of major importance



- Allay (UK) Limited v Gehlen
 - Employer attempted to rely on "reasonable steps" defence for harassment of one employee by another
 - Employer had provided equality and diversity training
 - Employment Tribunal found it was "clearly stale" as both harasser and other employees had failed to act in accordance with it
 - On appeal EAT upheld decision finding:-
 - The nature of the training and extent to which it was likely to be effective was relevant
 - The training in this case was unimpressive even for a small employer and quality of related polices was criticised
 - Less effective training becomes "stale" more quickly



Aylott v BPP University

- Disabled claimant requested OH referral during sickness absence
- Request was ignored and at a sickness review meeting she was offered a settlement agreement and re-engagement as a contractor
- Resigned and claimed constructive dismissal (based on failures to manage workload and absence properly) and disability discrimination
- Employers focus on the settlement agreement without offering alternatives (the OH referral) was discriminatory
- Constructive dismissal claim was also successful
- Case has been appealed to EAT



McTear Contracts Ltd v Bennett & Others

- Employees can transfer to multiple employers following TUPE
 Service Provision Change
- Single contractor replaced by two new contractors with work split on geographical basis
- EAT held tribunal wrong to conclude each employee can only transfer to one transferee
- Follows ECJ case relating to business transfers
- Undesirable for consequences of transfer under Reg 4, to depend on type of transfer at issue



Argos Limited v Kuldo

- Claimant was only candidate for alternative role during redundancy procedure and was "mapped" into it
- Claimant raised a grievance setting out why the alternative was not suitable
- Resigned and claimed constructive dismissal after grievance but grievance appeal dismissed
- Tribunal upheld claim finding new role was significantly different to the old one
- Employer had breached implied term of trust and confidence by failing to properly consult, assess the roles and address the grievance and appeal

Future cases to look out for



- Royal Mencap Society v Tomlinson-Blake
 - is time spent asleep "time work" for NMW?
- Flowers and others v East of England Ambulance Trust
 - must holiday pay calculation include regular voluntary overtime?
- Chief Constable of Police Service of Northern Ireland and another v Agnew and others
 - do gaps of 3 months or more interrupt a "series" of unlawful deductions from holiday pay?





- Harpur v Brazel
 - should annual leave be capped at 12.07% of annualised hours for workers who only work part of the year?
- Davies v Scottish Courts and Tribunals Service
 - was dismissal arising from conduct caused by menopause unfair or discriminatory?



Questions?

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